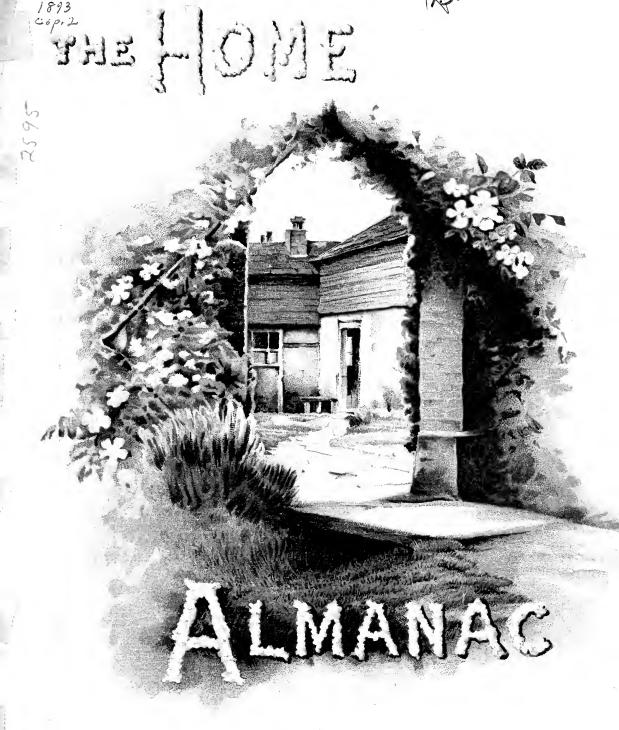
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HOME Insurance Company

OF NEW YORK.

OFFICE, 119 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL, \$3,000,000.

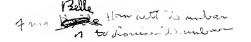
This Company insures against Loss and Damage by Fire and Tornado.

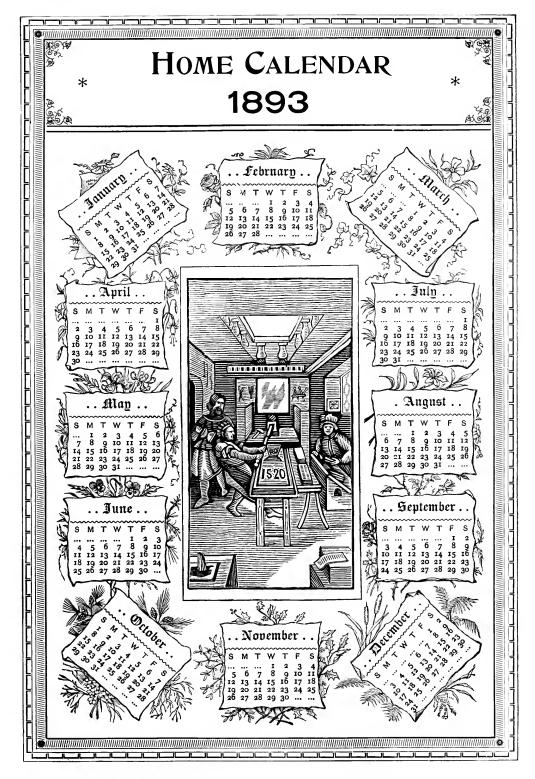
Losses paid in Thirty-eight Years, over Fifty-three Million Dollars.

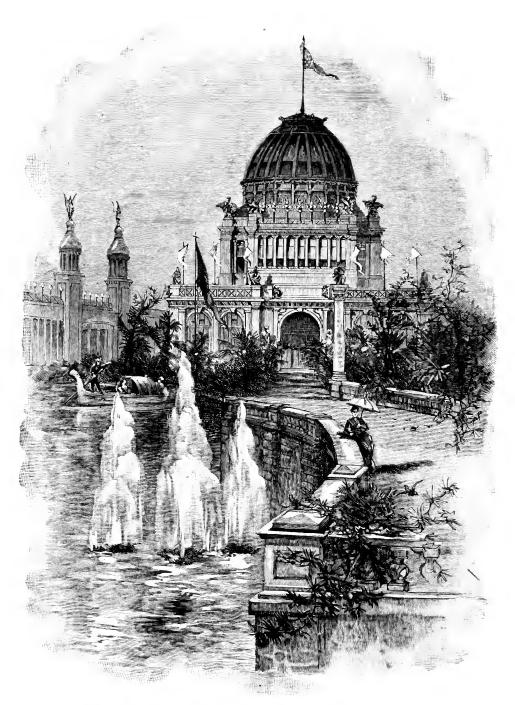
DANIEL A. HEALD, President.

WILLIAM L. BIGELOW, SEC'S. JOHN H. WASHBURN, V. PREB'TS. ELBRIDGE G. SNOW,

HENRY J. FERRIS,
AREUNAH M. BURTIS,
ASS'T SEC'S.





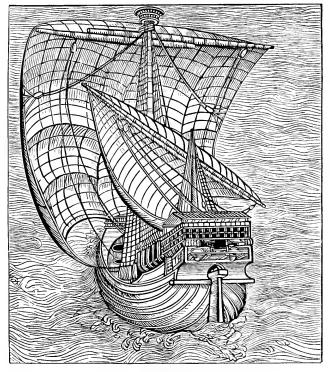


ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

MOME • ALMANAC

··· A SOUVENIR ···

1893



SHIP OF THE COLUMBUS PERIOD.

HOME·INSURANCE·COMPANY OF·NEW·YORK·119·BROADWAY



Жинтентриализация (политический казаний и политический казаний казаний казаний и политический и политический ка

GENOA, ITALY, BIRTH PLACE OF CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS.

CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS.

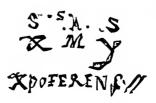
Christopher Columbus, the great navigator, was probably born in Genoa, and even the house of his birth has, it is thought, been identified. The date of his birth has been conjecturally established as between March, 1446, and March, 1447. Though virtually the greatest man of his era, there is little definite information about his family and his early life. He was the son of a wool comber, and attended the then great school of learning in Pavia, where he evinced a taste for astronomy and cosmography. He early went to sea, and made several voyages in the Mediterranean. In Lisbon, in 1470, he married the daughter of an Italian named Perestrello, an eminent navigator in the Portuguese service, and with her obtained many valuable charts, journals and Here Columbus first appears to memoranda. have imbibed the idea of land to the westward, which he was destined to establish as a fact. After long, disheartening years, on the third of August, 1492, Columbus set sail from the Bar of Saltes, near Palos. On the twelfth of October he sighted land, which proved to be one of the

Bahama Islands. After discovering several other of the West India Islands, Columbus set sail again for Spain, where he arrived on March 15th, 1493, and was received with every demonstration of joy and admiration, as well by the people as the court. Within the next twelve years Columbus made several other voyages, adding to his valuable discoveries the Caribbee Islands, Jamaica, Trinidad, and Paria, on the coast of South America. On May 20th, 1506, this the noblest navigator the world has ever seen, died at Valladolid, and King Ferdinand erected a magnificent monument to his memory.

Biography furnishes no parallel to the life of Christopher Columbus. Great men there have been who have met with disappointment and injustice, but there is perhaps no other instance of a great man whom disappointments and injustice did not dishearten and disgust; who had his greatness recognized in his lifetime, and yet was robbed of the emoluments it entitled him to, and who, after death, had the honor he had so hardly won conferred upon another.



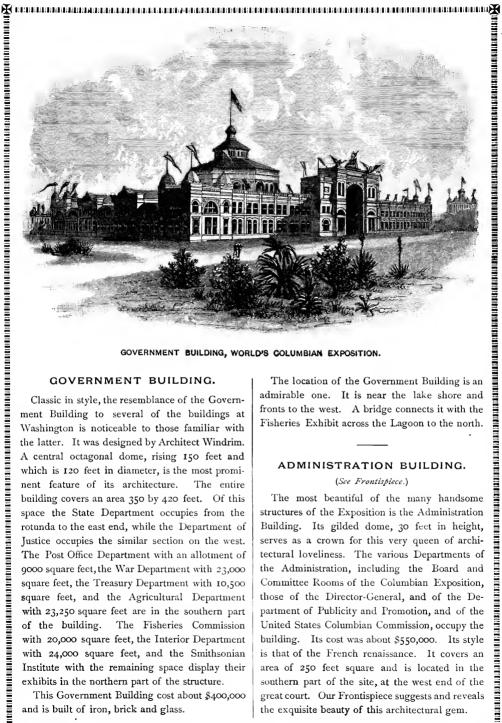
PORTRAIT AND SIGNATURE OF COLUMBUS.





FIRST INSPIRATIONS OF COLUMBUS.

By Giniio Monteverde. In the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston.



GOVERNMENT BUILDING, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

Classic in style, the resemblance of the Government Building to several of the buildings at Washington is noticeable to those familiar with the latter. It was designed by Architect Windrim. A central octagonal dome, rising 150 feet and which is 120 feet in diameter, is the most prominent feature of its architecture. building covers an area 350 by 420 feet. Of this space the State Department occupies from the rotunda to the east end, while the Department of Justice occupies the similar section on the west. The Post Office Department with an allotment of 9000 square feet, the War Department with 23,000 square feet, the Treasury Department with 10,500 square feet, and the Agricultural Department with 23,250 square feet are in the southern part The Fisheries Commission of the building. with 20,000 square feet, the Interior Department with 24,000 square feet, and the Smithsonian Institute with the remaining space display their exhibits in the northern part of the structure.

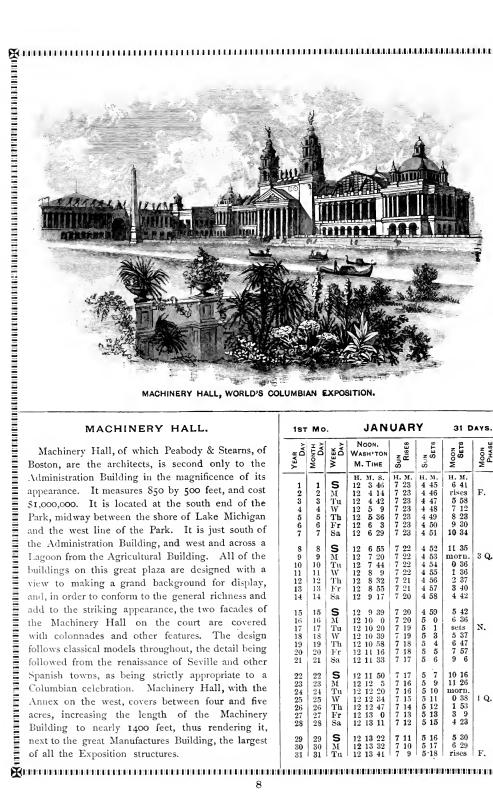
This Government Building cost about \$400,000 and is built of iron, brick and glass.

The location of the Government Building is an admirable one. It is near the lake shore and fronts to the west. A bridge connects it with the Fisheries Exhibit across the Lagoon to the north.

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING.

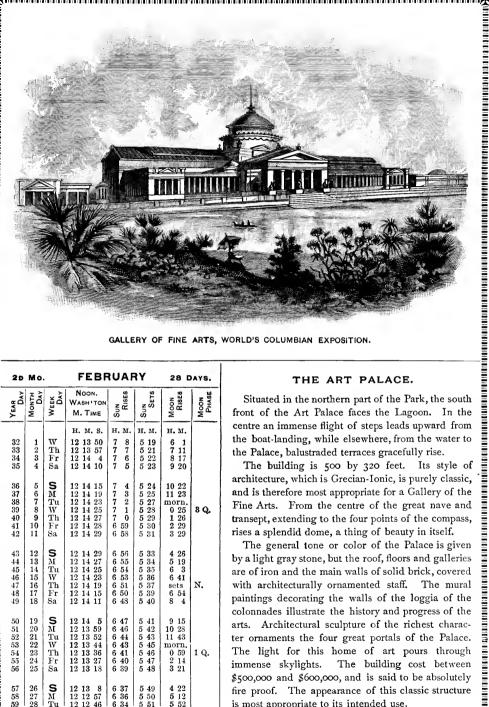
(See Frontispiece.)

The most beautiful of the many handsome structures of the Exposition is the Administration Building. Its gilded dome, 30 feet in height, serves as a crown for this very queen of architectural loveliness. The various Departments of the Administration, including the Board and Committee Rooms of the Columbian Exposition, those of the Director-General, and of the Department of Publicity and Promotion, and of the United States Columbian Commission, occupy the building. Its cost was about \$550,000. Its style is that of the French renaissance. It covers an area of 250 feet square and is located in the southern part of the site, at the west end of the great court. Our Frontispiece suggests and reveals the exquisite beauty of this architectural gem.



MACHINERY HAI	LL.
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TANDAM EXPOSITION.										
LAALLA DV										
151	Mo	·.	JAN	UAR	Y	31 D	AYS.			
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			Noon. Washiton	8E8	ET8	8				
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GALLERY OF FINE ARTS, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

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			GALLE	RY OF	FINE	ARTS,
20	Mo.	FEBF	RUAF	RY	28 D	DAYS.
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36 37 38 39 40 41 42	5 6 M 7 Tu 8 W 9 Th 10 Fr 11 Sa	12 14 15 12 14 19 12 14 23 12 14 25 12 14 27 12 14 28 12 14 29	7 4 7 3 7 2 7 1 7 0 6 59 6 58	5 24 5 25 5 27 5 28 5 29 5 30 5 31	10 22 11 23 morn. 0 25 1 26 2 29 3 29	8 Q.
43 44 45 46 47 48 49	12 S 13 M 14 Tu 15 W 16 Th 17 Fr 18 Sa	12 14 29 12 14 27 12 14 25 12 14 23 12 14 19 12 14 15 12 14 11	6 56 6 55 6 54 6 53 6 51 6 50 6 48	5 33 5 34 5 35 5 36 5 37 5 39 5 40	4 26 5 19 6 3 6 41 sets 6 54 8 4	N.
50 51 52 53 54 55 56	19 S 20 M 21 Tu 22 W 23 Th 24 Fr 25 Sa	12 14 5 12 13 59 12 13 52 12 13 44 12 13 36 12 13 27 12 13 18	6 47 6 46 6 44 6 43 6 41 6 40 6 39	5 41 5 42 5 43 5 45 5 46 5 47 5 48	9 15 10 28 11 43 morn. 0 59 2 14 3 21	1 Q.
57 58 59	26 S 27 M 28 Tu	12 13 8 12 12 57 12 12 46	6 37 6 36 6 34	5 49 5 50 5 51	4 22 5 12 5 52	

THE ART PALACE.

Situated in the northern part of the Park, the south front of the Art Palace faces the Lagoon. In the centre an immense flight of steps leads upward from the boat-landing, while elsewhere, from the water to the Palace, balustraded terraces gracefully rise.

The building is 500 by 320 feet. Its style of architecture, which is Grecian-Ionic, is purely classic, and is therefore most appropriate for a Gallery of the Fine Arts. From the centre of the great nave and transept, extending to the four points of the compass, rises a splendid dome, a thing of beauty in itself.

The general tone or color of the Palace is given by a light gray stone, but the roof, floors and galleries are of iron and the main walls of solid brick, covered with architecturally ornamented staff. The mural paintings decorating the walls of the loggia of the colonnades illustrate the history and progress of the arts. Architectural sculpture of the richest character ornaments the four great portals of the Palace. The light for this home of art pours through The building cost between immense skylights. \$500,000 and \$600,000, and is said to be absolutely fire proof. The appearance of this classic structure is most appropriate to its intended use.

William Penns Seni & Signature to the Pennsylvania Charter with the Wilmonto. Capted from the original in England Fembern

> FAC-SIMILES OF THE SIGNATURES TO THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

Department of State, 19th April, 1819. I Certify that this is a CORRECT Copy of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence deposited at this Department, and that I have compared all the Signatures with those of the Original and have found them EXACT IMITATIONS:

John Quincy Adams.

THE STARS AND STRIPES.

The small two-story house still standing at 239 Arch Street, below Third, Philadelphia, has an interesting history. In it the first flag, containing thirteen stars and thirteen stripes, was made by Mrs. John Ross. The design for the flag was from a drawing made by General Washington with pencil, and the flag thus designated was adopted, by a resolution of Congress, on the 14th of June, 1777. A Comportion, and three bars running across the escutcheon. History informs us that several flags were used by the Yankees before the present national one was adopted. At first a stripe was added for each new State; but the flag became too large, and Congress reduced the stripes to the original thirteen, and now the stars are made to correspond in number to the States.

The American flag is one of the most beautiful that floats upon any land or sea. Its propor-

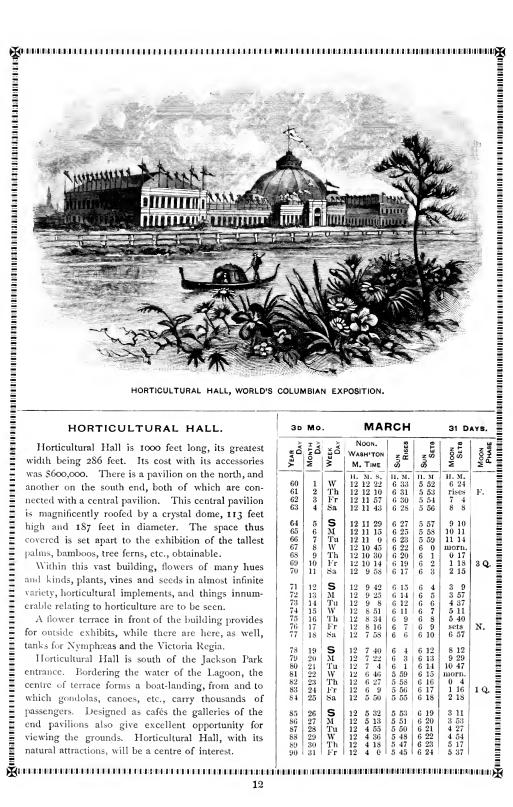


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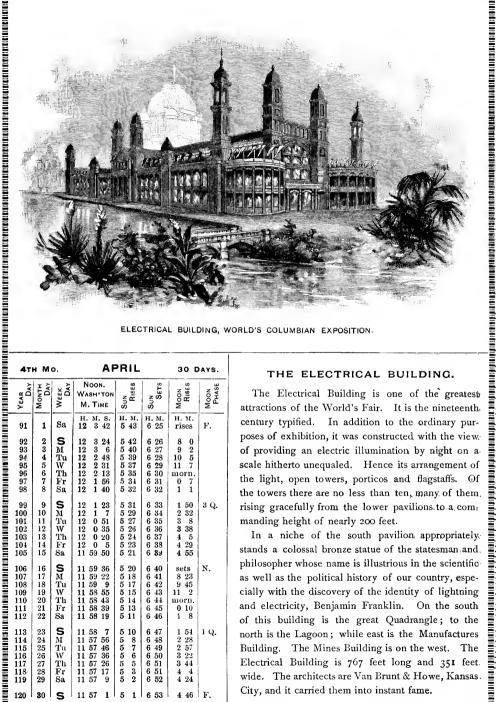
The house in which the first flag of the United States was made, Arch Street, below Third, Philadelphia.

mittee of Congress, accompanied by General Washington, afterwards called upon Mrs. Ross, and engaged her to make a flag from this design. The flag then made is now known the world over as the Star-Spangled Banner of the United States of America.

There is a striking coincidence between the design of our flag and the arms of General Washington, which consisted of three stars in the upper tions are perfect when it is properly made-one-half as broad as it is long. The first stripe at the top is red, the next white, and these colors alternate, making the last stripe red. The blue field for the stars is the width and square of the first seven stripes, viz., four red and three white. The colors of the American flag are in exquisite relief, and it is altogether a splendid national emblem. Long may it wave untarnished!



30	Mo		MAI	RCH		31 D	AYS.
YEAR	Month Day	WEEK DAY	Noon. Wash'ton M. Time	SUN	SUN SET8	Moon Se T8	Moon
60 61 62 63	1 2 3 4	W Th Fr Sa	H. M. S. 12 12 22 12 12 10 12 11 57 12 11 43	11. M. 6 33 6 31 6 30 6 28	11. M 5 52 5 53 5 54 5 56	H. M. 6 24 rises 7 4 8 8	F.
64 65 66 67 68 69 70	5 6 7 8 9 10	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	12 11 29 12 11 15 12 11 0 12 10 45 12 10 30 12 10 14 12 9 58	6 27 6 25 6 23 6 22 6 20 6 19 6 17	5 57 5 58 5 59 6 0 6 1 6 2 6 3	9 10 10 11 11 14 morn. 0 17 1 18 2 15	3 Q.
71 72 73 74 75 76 77	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	12 9 42 12 9 25 12 9 8 12 8 51 12 8 34 12 8 16 12 7 58	6 15 6 14 6 12 6 11 6 9 6 7 6 6	6 4 6 5 6 6 6 7 6 8 6 9 6 10	3 9 3 57 4 37 5 11 5 40 sets 6 57	N.
78 79 80 81 82 83 84	19 20 21 22 23 24 25	S M Tu W Th Fr Sa	12 7 40 12 7 22 12 7 4 12 6 46 12 6 27 12 6 9 12 5 50	6 4 6 3 6 1 5 59 5 58 5 56 5 55	6 12 6 13 6 14 6 15 6 16 6 17 6 18	8 12 9 29 10 47 morn. 0 4 1 16 2 18	F. 3 Q.
85 86 87 88 89 90	26 27 28 29 30 31	S M Tu W Th	12 5 32 12 5 13 12 4 55 12 4 36 12 4 18 12 4 0	5 53 5 51 5 50 5 48 5 47 5 45	6 19 6 20 6 21 6 22 6 23 6 24	3 11 3 53 4 27 4 54 5 17 5 37	



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ELECTRICAL BUILDING, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

4т	н М	ο.	AF	PRIL		30 DAYS.		
YEAR Day	Month	WEEK DAY	Noon. Wash'ton M. Time	Sun Rises	SUN	Moon	Moon	
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91 92 92 93 94 95 96 96 97 97 97 98 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	SM Tu Th Fr Sa SM Tu Wh Fr Sa	11 59 36 11 59 22 11 59 9 11 58 55 11 58 43 11 58 39 11 58 19 11 57 56 11 57 46 11 57 36 11 57 26 11 57 17	5 20 5 18 5 17 5 15 5 14 5 13 5 11 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	6 40 6 41 6 42 6 43 6 44 6 45 6 46 6 47 6 48 6 49 6 51 6 51 6 52 6 53	sets 8 23 9 445 11 2 morn. 0 10 1 8 1 54 2 28 2 57 3 22 3 44 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	N. 1 Q.	

THE ELECTRICAL BUILDING.

The Electrical Building is one of the greatest attractions of the World's Fair. It is the nineteenth century typified. In addition to the ordinary purposes of exhibition, it was constructed with the viewof providing an electric illumination by night on a scale hitherto unequaled. Hence its arrangement of the light, open towers, porticos and flagstaffs. Of the towers there are no less than ten, many of them. rising gracefully from the lower pavilions to a commanding height of nearly 200 feet.

In a niche of the south pavilion appropriately. stands a colossal bronze statue of the statesman and philosopher whose name is illustrious in the scientificas well as the political history of our country, especially with the discovery of the identity of lightning and electricity, Benjamin Franklin. On the south of this building is the great Quadrangle; to the north is the Lagoon; while east is the Manufactures Building. The Mines Building is on the west. The Electrical Building is 767 feet long and 351 feet. wide. The architects are Van Brunt & Howe, Kansas. City, and it carried them into instant fame.

In Gentryville, Indiana, in the year 1816, might have been seen a log cabin without doors or window-glass, a dirt floor, a bed made of dried leaves, a stool or two, and a table formed of logs. The family living here were Thomas Lincoln, a good-hearted man who could neither read nor write; Nancy Hanks, his wife, a pale-faced, sensitive, gentle woman; a girl of ten, Sarah; and a

tall, awkward boy of eight, Abraham.

with some of his fun-loving companions, a good woman said to him: "Now, Abe, what on earth do you s'pose'll ever become of yer? What'll yer be good fur, en'how, if yer keep a-goin' on in this way?" He replied, slowly: "Well, I reckon I'm goin' to be President of the United States one of these days." And from the log cabin in Gentryville, to the White House at Washington, "Honest Abe" marched with calm, unfaltering trust, and in his pure and patriotic life we read God's purposes for the progress of the human race.



LOG CABIN IN WHICH ABRAHAM LINCOLN LIVED.

The family had but recently moved from a similar cabin in Hardin County, Kentucky, cutting their way through the wilderness with an ax, and living off the game they could obtain with a gun.

In this cabin lived for many years Abraham Lincoln, who, in the providence of God, was to be the Emancipator of four millions of slaves. This boy, in buckskin breeches so shrunken that they reached only half way between the knee and ankle, actually asked himself whether there were not some great place in the world for him to fill. No wonder that one day, when making a noise

THE DOLLAR MARK, \$.

Writers are not agreed as to the derivation of this sign. Some say that it comes from the letters U. S., written over one another. Others say it is derived from the contraction of the wellknown Spanish word, pesos; others, from the Spanish fuertes, signifying hard-to distinguish silver from paper money. The most plausible explanation is, that it is a modification of the figure 8, and denotes a piece of eight reals, or, as the dollar was formerly called, a piece of eight.

America!

My country, this of thee, Sweet land of leberty. Of thee I sing;

Land where my fathers died, Land of the filgions fride, From every mountain side Let freedom ring.

Thy mative country, - thee, Land of the noble, free, -

I love thy rocks and rills, Thy woods and templed hills, My heart with rapture thrills Like that above.

Let music swell the breeze, And ring from all the trees Sweet freedom's song;

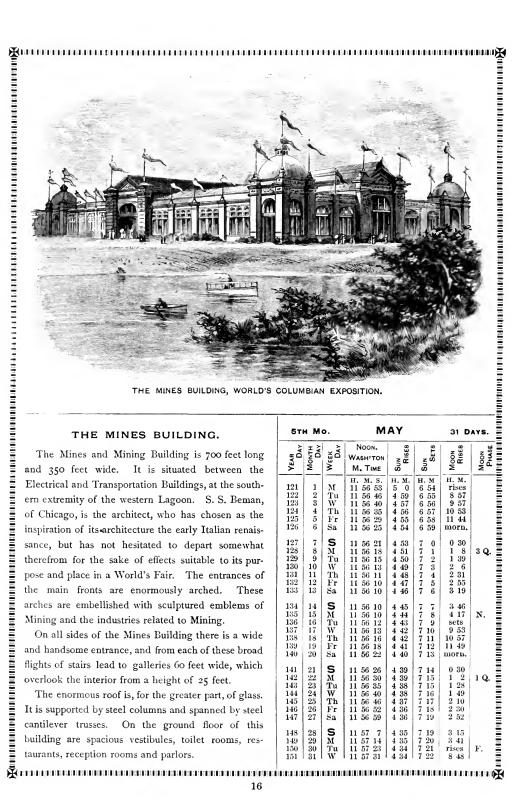
Det mortal tongues awake, Let all that breathe partake, Let rocks their silence break,-The sound prolong,

Our fathers' Soch, to Thee, Author of liberty, To Thee we sing;

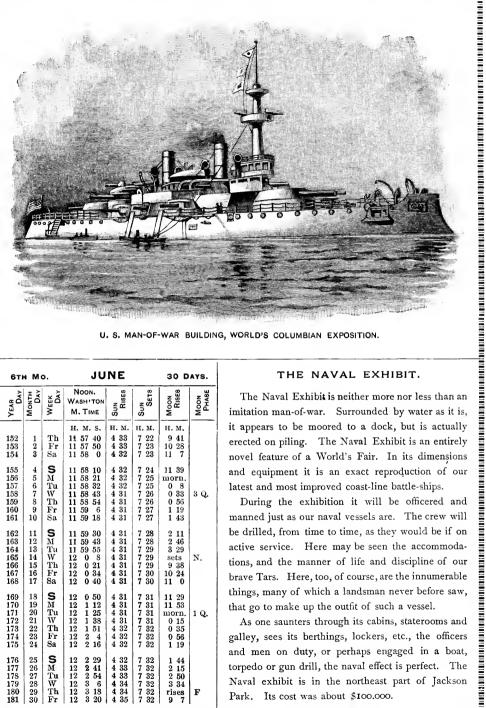
Long may var landbe bright With freedoms holy light; Protect us by thy might, Great God, our Tring.

1832-1892.

S. J. Jimith



THE MINES BUILDING.	511	5тн Мо.		MAY			31 DAYS	
The Mines and Mining Building is 700 feet long and 350 feet wide. It is situated between the	YEAR	Момтн DAY	WEEK DAY	Noon. Wash'ton M. Time	SUN	SUN SET8	Moon	Moon
Electrical and Transportation Buildings, at the southern extremity of the western Lagoon. S. S. Beman, of Chicago, is the architect, who has chosen as the inspiration of its architecture the early Italian renais-	121 122 123 124 125 126	1 2 3 4 5 6	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	H. M. S. 11 56 53 11 56 46 11 56 40 11 56 35 11 56 29 11 56 25	H. M. 5 0 4 59 4 57 4 56 4 55 4 54	H. M 6 54 6 55 6 56 6 57 6 58 6 59	H. M. rises 8 57 9 57 10 53 11 44 morn.	
sance, but has not hesitated to depart somewhat therefrom for the sake of effects suitable to its purpose and place in a World's Fair. The entrances of the main fronts are enormously arched. These	127 128 129 130 131 132 133	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	11 56 21 11 56 18 11 56 15 11 56 13 11 56 11 11 56 10 11 56 10	4 53 4 51 4 50 4 49 4 48 4 47 4 46	7 0 7 1 7 2 7 3 7 4 7 5 7 6	0 30 1 8 1 39 2 6 2 31 2 55 3 19	3 €
arches are embellished with sculptured emblems of Mining and the industries related to Mining. On all sides of the Mines Building there is a wide and handsome entrance, and from each of these broad	134 135 136 137 138 139 140	14 15 16 17 18 19 20	S M Tu W Th Fr Sa	11 56 10 11 56 10 11 56 12 11 56 13 11 56 16 11 56 18 11 56 22	4 45 4 44 4 43 4 42 4 42 4 41 4 40	7 7 7 8 7 9 7 10 7 11 7 12 7 13	3 46 4 17 sets 9 53 10 57 11 49 morn.	N.
flights of stairs lead to galleries 60 feet wide, which overlook the interior from a height of 25 feet. The enormous roof is, for the greater part, of glass. It is supported by steel columns and spanned by steel	141 142 143 144 145 146 147	21 22 23 24 25 26 27	SM Tu W Th Fr Sa	11 56 26 11 56 30 11 56 35 11 56 40 11 56 46 11 56 52 11 56 59	4 39 4 39 4 38 4 38 4 37 4 36 4 36	7 14 7 15 7 15 7 16 7 17 7 18 7 19	0 30 1 2 1 28 1 49 2 10 2 30 2 52	1 Q
cantilever trusses. On the ground floor of this building are spacious vestibules, toilet rooms, restaurants, reception rooms and parlors.	148 149 150 151	28 29 30 31	M Tu W	11 57 7 11 57 14 11 57 23 11 57 31	4 35 4 35 4 34 4 34	7 19 7 20 7 21 7 22	3 15 3 41 rises 8 48	F.



U. S. MAN-OF-WAR BUILDING, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

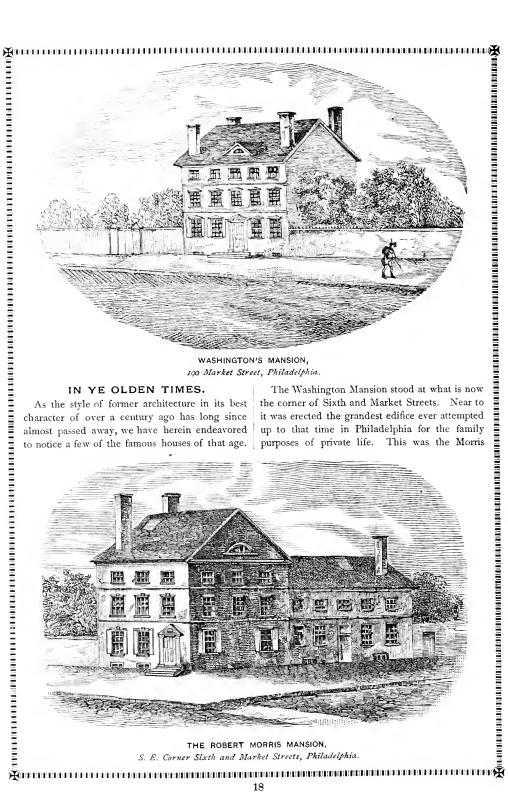
		FFF				AN-OF-		UIL DIN	
=				JUNE			30 DAYS.		
	6ті	н М	o.	JU	NE		30 D	AYS.	
	YEAR Day	Момтн Вау		JU Noon. Wash'Ton M. Time	Sun Rises	SUN SET8	Moon Rises OC		
	¥		Th Fr	Noon. Wash'ton	8E8	H. M. 7 22 7 23 7 23	99	MOON PHASE	
	YEAR	MONTH 1	Meek Th Fr	Noon. Wash'Ton M. Time	H. M. 4 33 4 33	н. м.	H. M. 9 41 10 28		
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THE NAVAL EXHIBIT.

The Naval Exhibit is neither more nor less than an imitation man-of-war. Surrounded by water as it is, it appears to be moored to a dock, but is actually erected on piling. The Naval Exhibit is an entirely novel feature of a World's Fair. In its dimensions and equipment it is an exact reproduction of our latest and most improved coast-line battle-ships.

During the exhibition it will be officered and manned just as our naval vessels are. The crew will be drilled, from time to time, as they would be if on active service. Here may be seen the accommodations, and the manner of life and discipline of our brave Tars. Here, too, of course, are the innumerable things, many of which a landsman never before saw, that go to make up the outfit of such a vessel.

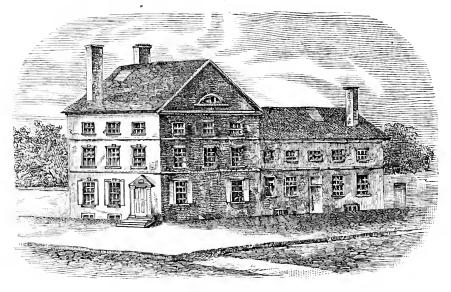
As one saunters through its cabins, staterooms and galley, sees its berthings, lockers, etc., the officers and men on duty, or perhaps engaged in a boat, torpedo or gun drill, the naval effect is perfect. The Naval exhibit is in the northeast part of Jackson Park. Its cost was about \$100.000.



WASHINGTON'S MANSION, 190 Market Street, Philadelphia.

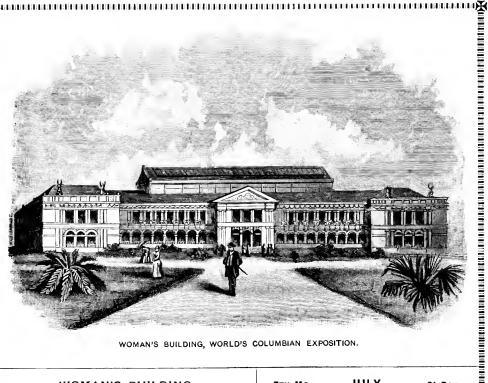
IN YE OLDEN TIMES.

As the style of former architecture in its best character of over a century ago has long since almost passed away, we have herein endeavored to notice a few of the famous houses of that age.



THE ROBERT MORRIS MANSION, S. E. Corner Sixth and Market Streets, Philadelphia.





WOMAN'S BUILDING, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

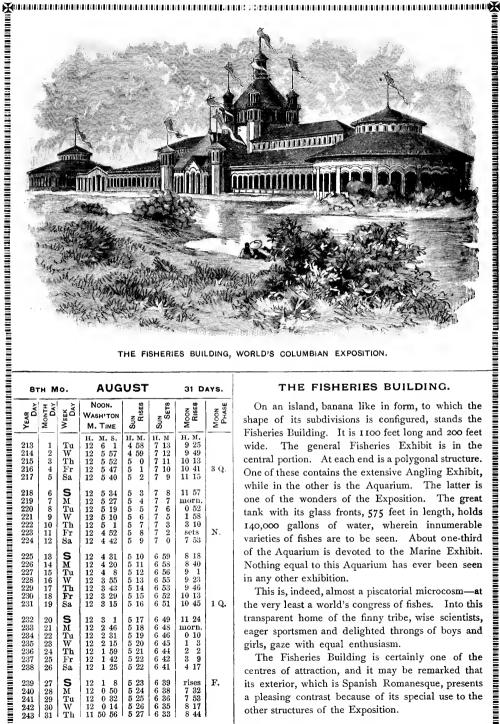
WOMAN'S BUILDING.

It is, perhaps, needless to state that the Woman's Building, constructed for the display of woman's work and the revelation of woman's progress, was designed by a woman, a graduate of the Architectural School of Technology, in Boston, Miss Sophia G. Hayden. The prize Miss Hayden received for the design and its execution was \$1000. It has been given a beautiful site in the northwestern part of the park, near Horticultural Hall and the Illinois State Building, while not far from the Wooded Island, it faces the Lagoon from which it stands back 100 feet, approached by a grand landing, staircases and terrace.

The greatest length of the building is 400 feet, its greatest width about 200 feet. Its architecture is that of the Italian renaissance. This handsome building not only in its contents but in itself most fittingly represents the achievement of the womanhood of our age and country.

We have spoken of the Electrical Building as the Nineteenth Century typified. This building and its contents may fitly be called the manifestation of the Nineteenth Century Woman!

7тн Мо.		JU	LY		31 DA	YS.	
YEAR	MONTH DAY	WEEK DAY	Noon. Washiton M. Time	SUN	SUN	Moon	Moon
182	1	Sa	н. м. s. 12 3 41	н. м. 4 35	н. м. 7 32	н. м. 9 42	
183 184 185 186 187 188 189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	12 3 52 12 4 3 12 4 14 12 4 24 12 4 34 12 4 44 12 4 53	4 36 4 36 4 37 4 38 4 38 4 39 4 39	7 31 7 31 7 31 7 31 7 31 7 30 7 30	10 11 10 36 10 59 11 22 11 45 morn. 0 11	3 Q.
190 191 192 193 194 195 196	9 10 11 12 13 14 15	M Tu W Th Fr	12 5 2 12 5 10 12 5 18 12 5 26 12 5 33 12 5 39 12 5 45	4 40 4 41 4 41 4 42 4 42 4 43 4 44	7 30 7 30 7 29 7 29 7 28 7 28 7 28 7 27	0 41 1 18 2 7 3 7 sets 8 54 9 27	N.
197 198 199 200 201 202 203	16 17 18 19 20 21 22	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	12 5 51 12 5 56 12 6 0 12 6 4 12 6 7 12 6 10 12 6 12	4 45 4 45 4 46 4 47 4 48 4 49 4 50	7 27 7 26 7 26 7 25 7 24 7 23 7 23	9 54 10 17 10 39 10 59 11 21 11 46 morn.	1 Q.
204 205 206 207 208 209 210	23 24 25 26 27 28 29	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	12 6 14 12 6 15 12 6 15 12 6 15 12 6 15 12 6 14 12 6 16 12 6 11	4 51 4 52 4 53 4 54 4 54 4 55 4 56	7 22 7 21 7 20 7 19 7 18 7 17 7 16	0 14 0 48 1 29 2 18 3 13 rises 8 14	3 Q. N.
211 212	30 31	S	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 57 4 58	7 15 7 14	8 41 9 5	



THE FISHERIES BUILDING, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

	Иo.	AUGUS			AYS.
YEAR DAY MONTH	WEEK	Noon. Wash'ton Z M. Time Ø	SUN SETS	Moon Rises	Moon Phase
213 1 214 2 215 3 216 4 217 5	Tu W Th Fr Sa		M. H. M 58 7 13 59 7 12 0 7 11 1 7 10 2 7 9	H. M. 9 25 9 49 10 13 10 41 11 15	3 Q.
218 6 219 7 220 8 221 9 222 10 223 11 224 12	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	12 5 34 5 12 5 27 5 12 5 19 5 12 5 10 5 12 5 1 5 12 4 52 5 12 4 42 5	3 7 8 4 7 7 5 7 6 6 7 5 7 7 3 8 7 2 9 7 0	11 57 morn. 0 52 1 58 3 10 sets 7 53	N.
223 11 224 12 225 13 226 14 227 15 228 16 229 17 230 18 231 19 232 20 233 21 234 22 235 23 236 244 237 25 288 26 241 29 242 30 242 242 30	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	12 4 20 5 12 4 8 5 12 3 55 5 12 3 43 5 12 3 29 5	10 6 59 11 6 58 12 6 56 13 6 55 14 6 53 15 6 52 16 6 51	8 18 8 40 9 1 9 23 9 46 10 13 10 45	1 Q.
232 20 233 21 234 22 235 23 236 24 237 25 238 26	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	12 2 46 5 12 2 31 5 12 2 15 5 12 1 59 5	17 6 49 18 6 48 19 6 46 20 6 45 21 6 44 22 6 42 22 6 41	11 24 morn. 0 10 1 3 2 2 3 9 4 17	
239 27 240 28 241 29 242 30 243 31	S M Tu W Th	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23 6 39 24 6 38 25 6 36 26 6 35 27 6 33	rises 7 32 7 53 8 17 8 44	F.

THE FISHERIES BUILDING.

On an island, banana like in form, to which the shape of its subdivisions is configured, stands the Fisheries Building. It is 1100 feet long and 200 feet The general Fisheries Exhibit is in the central portion. At each end is a polygonal structure. One of these contains the extensive Angling Exhibit, while in the other is the Aquarium. The latter is one of the wonders of the Exposition. The great tank with its glass fronts, 575 feet in length, holds 140,000 gallons of water, wherein innumerable varieties of fishes are to be seen. About one-third of the Aquarium is devoted to the Marine Exhibit. Nothing equal to this Aquarium has ever been seen in any other exhibition.

This is, indeed, almost a piscatorial microcosm-at the very least a world's congress of fishes. Into this transparent home of the finny tribe, wise scientists, eager sportsmen and delighted throngs of boys and girls, gaze with equal enthusiasm.

The Fisheries Building is certainly one of the centres of attraction, and it may be remarked that its exterior, which is Spanish Romanesque, presents a pleasing contrast because of its special use to the other structures of the Exposition.

The Ster. Spangled banner O! Jag, can ge see by the dawn , early light. What so proudly we harl'd by the tidoly! but gleaning? What story story strong the trough! but gleaning? O'er the name facts we watched were so goldently theomisp and the orders of glave the bond bursting in air. Jave froof through the night that our flagars still these O! say does that star spangle banner got alone. O'er the land of the free of the bonne of the brave?

Or that shone, dunly seen through the musts of the leep.

Notice the foi's haught host in dread believe reposes.

What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep

as it folly blows, half-conceals half-disoloses?

Now it catches the glam, of the morning's first beam,

In fall glong reflected now theres on the stream.

Tis the star spangled banner. O'long mag it wowe

O'er the land of the face a the home of the brave

And the have of work the bottle's confudione

Of home & a country thould have us no more?

Their blood has wash'd out then foulforthip's hollution

No efuge could five the herelop of flane

From the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave

and the star spanper banner in triumph Ith arane
O'er the land of the free & the home of the brave

O! They be I ever when freemen thell stand
Betweenthinland homes & the war's desolation
Blest with victing & peace may the hear in rescue land
Prairethe power that hath made a possered us a nation
Then conquer we must when over cause it is push,
and this he our mosts on god is our trust?

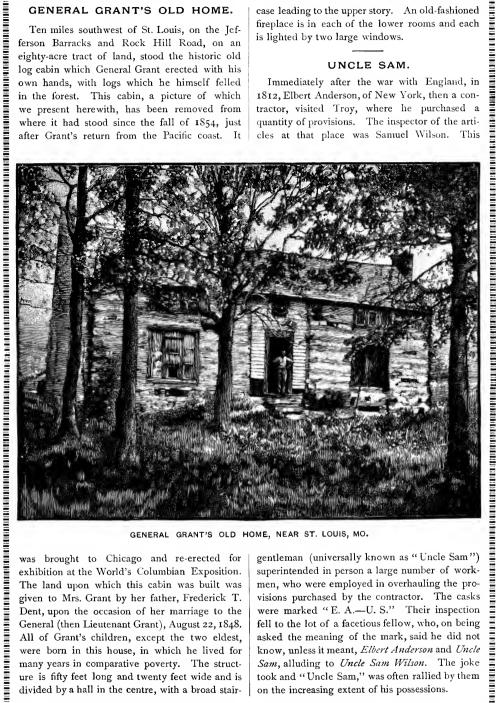
and the star spengled hanner in trumph thell wave
of or the land of the free and the home of the braves

Washington, oct 21 40 Toky

Ten miles southwest of St. Louis, on the Jefferson Barracks and Rock Hill Road, on an eighty-acre tract of land, stood the historic old log cabin which General Grant erected with his own hands, with logs which he himself felled in the forest. This cabin, a picture of which we present herewith, has been removed from where it had stood since the fall of 1854, just after Grant's return from the Pacific coast. It case leading to the upper story. An old-fashioned fireplace is in each of the lower rooms and each is lighted by two large windows.

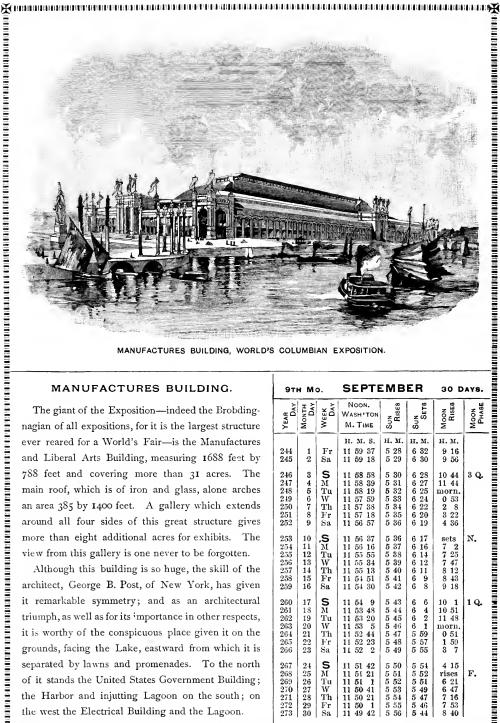
UNCLE SAM.

Immediately after the war with England, in 1812. Elbert Anderson, of New York, then a contractor, visited Troy, where he purchased a quantity of provisions. The inspector of the articles at that place was Samuel Wilson. This



GENERAL GRANT'S OLD HOME, NEAR ST. LOUIS, MO.

was brought to Chicago and re-erected for exhibition at the World's Columbian Exposition. The land upon which this cabin was built was given to Mrs. Grant by her father, Frederick T. Dent, upon the occasion of her marriage to the General (then Lieutenant Grant), August 22, 1848. All of Grant's children, except the two eldest, were born in this house, in which he lived for many years in comparative poverty. The structure is fifty feet long and twenty feet wide and is divided by a hall in the centre, with a broad stairgentleman (universally known as "Uncle Sam") superintended in person a large number of workmen, who were employed in overhauling the provisions purchased by the contractor. The casks were marked "E. A.-U. S." Their inspection fell to the lot of a facetious fellow, who, on being asked the meaning of the mark, said he did not know, unless it meant, Elbert Anderson and Uncle Sam, alluding to Uncle Sam Wilson. The joke took and "Uncle Sam," was often rallied by them on the increasing extent of his possessions.



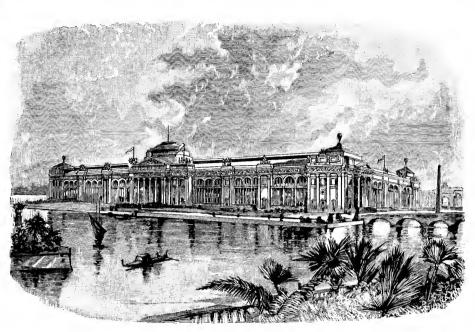
MANUFACTURES BUILDING, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

MANUFACTURES BUILDING.

The giant of the Exposition-indeed the Brobdingnagian of all expositions, for it is the largest structure ever reared for a World's Fair-is the Manufactures and Liberal Arts Building, measuring 1688 feet by 788 feet and covering more than 31 acres. The main roof, which is of iron and glass, alone arches an area 385 by 1400 feet. A gallery which extends around all four sides of this great structure gives more than eight additional acres for exhibits. The view from this gallery is one never to be forgotten.

Although this building is so huge, the skill of the architect, George B. Post, of New York, has given it remarkable symmetry; and as an architectural triumph, as well as for its importance in other respects, it is worthy of the conspicuous place given it on the grounds, facing the Lake, eastward from which it is separated by lawns and promenades. To the north of it stands the United States Government Building; the Harbor and injutting Lagoon on the south; on the west the Electrical Building and the Lagoon.

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COL	ЈМВ І	AN E	XPOSITION	1.			
9т		o. —	SEPTE	MB	ER	30 D	AYS.
YEAR	MONTH DAY	WEEK DAY	Noon. Wash'ton M. Time	SUN	SUN SET8	Moon Rises	Moon
244 245	1 2	Fr Sa	н. м. s. 11 59 37 11 59 18	н. м. 5 28 5 29	н. м. 6 32 6 30	н. м. 9 16 9 56	
246 247	3 4	S	11 58 58 11 58 39	5 30 5 31	6 28 6 27	10 44 11 44	3 Q.
248 249 250 251	4 5 6 7 8 9	Tu W Th Fr Sa	11 58 19 11 57 59 11 57 38 11 57 18 11 56 57	5 32 5 33 5 34 5 35 5 36	6 28 6 27 6 25 6 24 6 22 6 20 6 19	morn. 0 53 2 8 3 22 4 36	
248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259	10 11 12 13 14 15 16	W Th Fr	11 57 59 11 57 38 11 57 18	5 35	6 25 6 24 6 22 6 20 6 19 6 17 6 16 6 14 6 12 6 11 6 9 6 8	morn. 0 53 2 8 3 22	N.
248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258	10 11 12 13 14 15	W Th Fr Sa M W Th Fr	11 57 59 11 57 38 11 57 18 11 56 57 11 56 37 11 56 16 11 55 55 11 55 34 11 55 13 11 54 51	5 35 5 36 5 36	6 17	morn. 0 53 2 8 3 22 4 36	N. 1 Q. F.



X

AGRICULTURAL BUILDING, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

					AGRIC	ULTUF	RAL BU	ILDING
=	101	гн М	١٥.	ОСТ	OBE	R		AYS.
Ξ.								
	YEAR Day	Момтн Day	WEEK	Noon. Wash'ton M. Time	Sun Rises	SUN SETS	Moon	Moon
	274 275 276 277 278 279 280	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Meek MTu WTh Fr Sa	WASHITON	H. M. 5 57 5 58 5 59 6 0 6 1 6 2 6 3	H. M. 5 43 5 39 5 38 5 36 5 35 5 33	H. M. 9 37 10 43 11 55 morn. 1 10 2 22 3 32	w
	274 275 276 277 278 279	1 2 3 4 5	S M Tu W Th Fr	M. TIME H. M. S. 11 49 23 11 49 5 11 48 46 11 48 28 11 48 11 11 47 53	H. M. 5 57 5 58 5 59 6 0 6 1 6 2	H. M. 5 43 5 41 5 39 5 38 5 36	H. M. 9 37 10 43 11 55 morn.	Moon
	274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	SMTUWTH Sa SMTWTH FT	M. TIME H. M. S. 11 49 23 11 48 46 11 48 28 11 47 53 11 47 37 11 47 20 11 47 47 11 46 49 11 46 34 11 46 19	H. M. 5 57 558 5 59 6 0 1 6 2 2 6 3 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	H. M. 5 43 5 41 5 39 5 38 5 36 5 35 5 33 5 31	H. M. 9 37 10 43 11 55 morn. 1 10 2 22 3 32 4 38 5 43 sets 6 15 6 42 7 15	Moon Phase
	274 275 276 2776 2779 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 292 293	1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SMTPHFFS SMTPHFFS SMTPHF	WASH-TON M. TIME H. M. S. 11 49 23 11 49 5 11 48 46 11 48 28 11 48 11 11 47 53 11 47 20 11 47 20 11 46 49 11 46 49 11 46 19 11 46 19 11 45 52 11 45 39 11 45 31 11 44 5 3 11 44 5 3	H. M. 5558 559 6 0 1 6 2 2 6 3 6 4 6 5 6 6 7 6 8 6 10 6 11 2 6 13 6 14 6 15 6 17	H. M. 5 431 5 39 5 386 5 35 5 36 5 35 5 36 5 37 5 22 5 22 5 29 5 19 5 16 5 14 5 14 5 14 5 15 5 27 5 2	H. M. 9 37 10 43 11 55 morn. 1 10 2 22 3 32 4 38 5 45 6 15 7 54 8 42 9 17 10 36 11 40 morn. 46	Moon 3 Q.

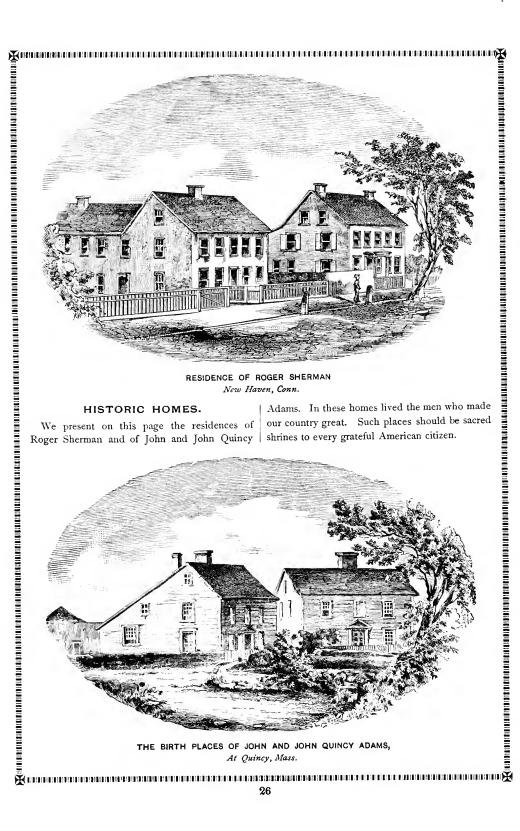
AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

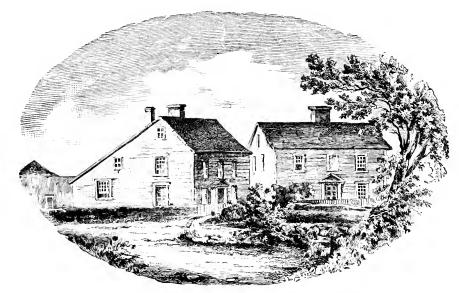
Never before, at any World's Fair, was an edifice erected affording such facilities for purposes of exhibition and the promotion of the live stock and agricultural interests of a country as the Agricultural Building of the Columbian Exposition. It is an honor to both the Board of Directors and its architects, McKim, Meade & White, of New York, whose design is in the classic renaissance.

Being erected very near the lake shore, it is almost surrounded by the Lagoons leading from the lake to the park. From north to south it measures 500 feet, and from east to west 800 feet. In addition to this, the Dairy Building covers 1.7 acres and the Forestry Building 4.5 acres, making a total of more than 15 acres, the cost of all being \$1,000,000.

A very handsome and spacious building on the extreme south, known as Agricultural Assembly Hall, is chiefly devoted to live stock.

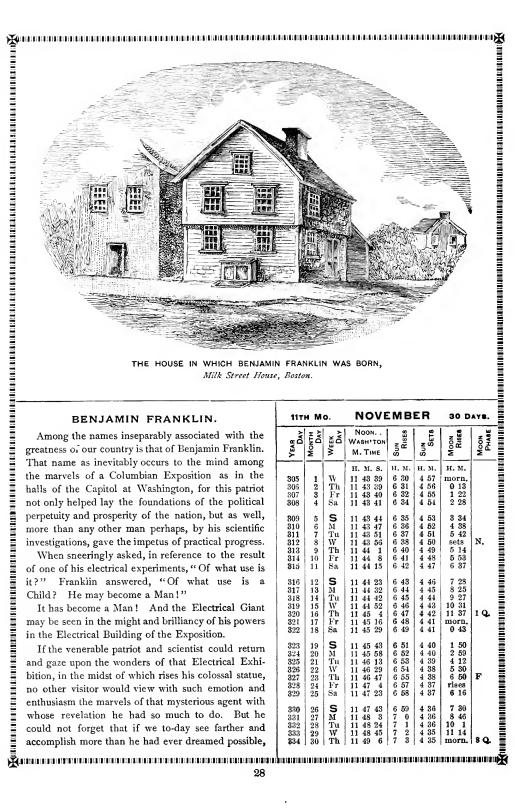
It is fitting that this Exposition, given in a land whose agricultural productions are so vast, and to be yet vaster, should be notable for such unequaled attention to these sources of national wealth.



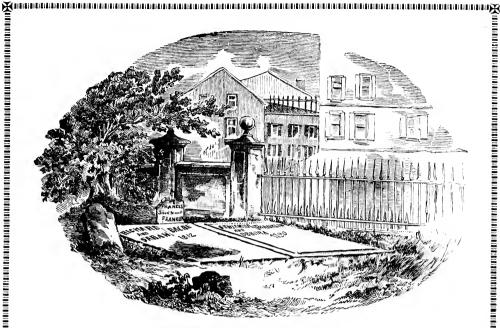


Autographs of the Presidents of the United States.

7. Taylor. Maghington John Adams Millard Willmon Fran Khi Gen co The Gettern Samus Fuchan and Jamo Madison ALincoln Jamonsoc Andrew Johnson I. 2. Adams M.M. Brand R13Hay90 Andrew Sackson Moan Bluen Jaljufuld W Horason Chester A. A. Min J. Zylan Some Clindany Samis Ol Falk o Suggerism



117	н М	ο.	NOVE	МВ		30 D	AYS.
YEAR	MONTH DAY	WEEK Day	Noon Wash'ton M. Time	SUN	SUN SET8	Moon Rises	MOON
305 306 307 308	1 2 3 4	W Th Fr Sa	H. M. S. 11 43 39 11 43 39 11 43 40 11 43 41	H. M. 6 30 6 31 6 32 6 34	H. M. 4 57 4 56 4 55 4 54	H. M. morn. 0 13 1 22 2 28	
309 310 311 312 313 314 315	5 6 7 8 9 10	M Tu W Th Fr	11 43 44 11 43 47 11 43 51 11 43 56 11 44 1 11 44 8 11 44 15	6 35 6 36 6 37 6 38 6 40 6 41 6 42	4 53 4 52 4 51 4 50 4 49 4 48 4 47	3 34 4 38 5 42 sets 5 14 5 53 6 37	Moon N.
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323 324 325 326 327 328 329	19 20 21 22 23 24 25	M Tu W Th Fr Sa	11 45 43 11 45 58 11 46 13 11 46 29 11 46 47 11 47 4 11 47 23	6 51 6 52 6 53 6 54 6 55 6 57 6 58	4 40 4 40 4 39 4 38 4 38 4 37 4 37	1 50 2 59 4 12 5 30 6 50 rises 6 16	1 Q. F
330 331 332 333 834	26 27 28 29 30	S M Tu W Th	11 47 43 11 48 3 11 48 24 11 48 45 11 49 6	6 59 7 0 7 1 7 2 7 3	4 36 4 36 4 36 4 35 4 35	7 30 8 46 10 1 11 14 morn.	8 Q.



BURIAL PLACE OF BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, S. E. Corner Fifth and Arch Streets, Philadelphia.

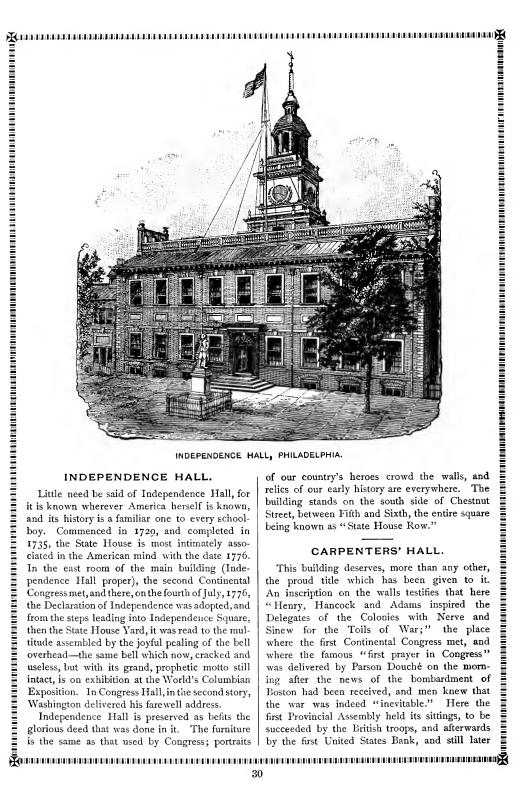
Section Sect									
					S. E.	Corner	Fifth		
121	т н М	o .	DECE	MB			Fifth		
<u> </u>	MONTH W	WEEK O	DECE Noon. Wash' TON M. TIME	8E8	ER E		AYS.		
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YEAR	Month DAY	Fr Sa Muw Th	Noon. Wash'Ton M. Time H. M. S. 11 49 31	SUN	ER 8130 00 H. M. 4 35	31 D NOON W H. M.	AYS.		
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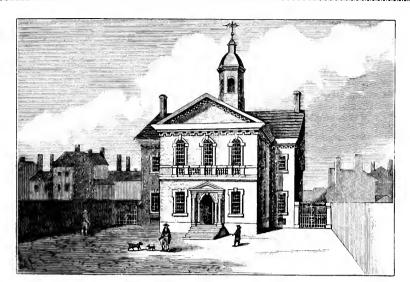
it is because we have "stood upon the shoulders of giants and entered into other men's labors," and that he was one of those giants—one of those men who labored for us and for all time.

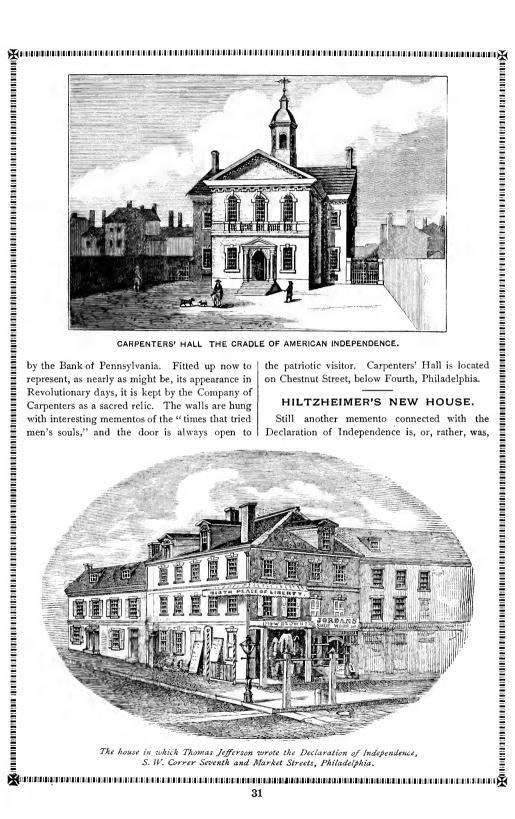
Everything associated with the memory of such a man as Benjamin Franklin is of interest to every lover of his country—from the house in Milk Street, Boston, where he was born, to the grave in Christ Church burying-ground, at Fifth and Arch Streets, in the City of Philadelphia, where, side by side, with those of his wife, Deborah, his remains rest.

In the scientific world few were more distinguished for simplicity of character and practical common sense than Benjamin Franklin. A singular felicity of induction guided all his researches, and by very small means he established very grand truths. His important and brilliant discovery of the identity of lightning with the electric fluid may be said to have been the very beginning of the marvelous doings of our time. This great philosopher never deemed anything which concerned the interest or happiness of mankind unworthy of his attention, and rarely if ever bestowed his attention on any subject without obtaining permanently useful results.









"Hiltzheimer's New House," once Jefferson's boarding-house, and the place where he wrote the immortal Declaration. It was a plain, three-story brick building, on the southwest corner of Seventh and Market Streets, Philadelphia. The site of this once famous structure is now occupied by the beautiful building of the Penn National Bank.

When we contemplate the magnificence of our Capitol at Washington to-day, and then carry back our recollections to these old-time places which we furnished to our Congresses and great men after the adoption of the Constitution, we cannot but be struck with "the changes of time and circumstances." In these modest quarters we once accommodated the collected wisdom of the nation-there these worthies then deemed themselves rich in ample room and elegance. Let the reader just look at a few of the pictures of this book, and that reader, if he be a thoughtful student and a wise observer, will be grateful that the lines have fallen unto him in pleasant places, and that he has such a goodly heritage. As for ourselves, it is with no unfaltering trust that we lift the curtain of the morning of the future, and looking on our fair land, now reaching from ocean to ocean, rejoice greatly in the most glorious fulfillment of a nation's hope-a government of the people, by the people, and for the people.

THE OLD LIBERTY BELL.

This bell, ordered by the Assembly of Pennsylvania, was brought from London to Philadelphia in the ship "Matilda," and landed about the end of August, 1752. It was supposed to be of the best quality; but when hung, and being tried for the sound, "it was cracked by a stroke of the clapper without any other violence." As it had to be recast, Pass & Stow, founders, of Philadelphia, undertook to do the work from the old materials. This was performed in a masterly and successful manner. The original bell cost £198. Pass & Stow, for recasting it, received £60, 13s, 5d. On the fourth of July, 1776, this bell was rung at the public reading of the Declaration, which took place in the State House yard on that day, and there were great rejoicings. John Adams, in writing to Samuel Chase on July 5th, said: "The bells rang all day, and almost all night."

The old "Liberty Bell" was a great attraction at the "Centennial" held in Philadelphia, in 1876, and was afterwards taken down and loaned to the City of New Orleans, in 1885, for exhibition at the World's Fair that was then being held in that city. It is now at the Columbian Exposition, and in November of this year it will be returned to Philadelphia and again hung in its venerated and accustomed place.



LIBERTY BELL, INDEPENDENCE HALL, PHILADELPHIA.

Insurance Company

OF NEW YORK.

Office: No. 119 Broadway.

SEVENTY-EIGHTH SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT, JULY, 1892.

SUMMARY OF ASSETS:

Cash in Banks		•							\$ 300,512 51
Real Estate .									1,557,303 27
United States Stocks									1,678,875 00
Bank, Trust Co., and	Railroa	d Stocl	ks and	l Bon	ds		•		3,309,915 00
State and City Bonds									887,097 87
Bonds and Mortgages	s, being	first lie	en on	Real	Est	ate			695,150 00
Loans on Stocks pays	able on d	lemand	l						149,700 00
Premiums uncollecte	d and in	hands	of Ag	rents					538,232 58
Interest due and accr	rued on 1	lst Jul	y, 18§	92					39,445 29
									89 156 231 52

LIABILITIES.

Cash Capital .						\$3,000,000 00
Reserve Premium Fun	d					4,172,337 00
Reserve for Unpaid Lo	sses an	d Olaims				745,973 56
Net Surplus .		. – .				1,237,920 96
						\$9,156,231 52

DIRECTORS:

Levi P. Morton, Henry A. Hurlbut, William Sturgis, John R. Ford, William H. Townsend, Oliver S. Carter, Henry M. Taber, Daniel A. Heald, David H. McAlpin, Andrew C. Armstrong, Cornelius N. Bliss, Edmund F. Holbrook, John H. Washburn, John H. Inman, Walter H. Lewis, Francis H. Leggett, Benjamin Perkins, George W. Smith, George C. White, Elbridge G. Snow, George H. Hartford, Henry F. Noyes, Lucien C. Warner, Warner Van Norden.

DANIEL A. HEALD, President.

WILLIAM L. BIGELOW, THOMAS B. GREENE, $\$ Secretaries.

JOHN H. WASHBURN, Vice-Presidents.

HENRY J. FERRIS, AREUNAH M. BURTIS, Ass't Secretaries.



1



HOME INSURANCE COMPANY'S BUILDING AT CHICAGO.

DANIEL A. HEALD, President.

WILLIAM L. BICELOW, SECRETARIES.

JOHN H. WASHBURN, V. PRESIDENTS.

HENRY J. FERRIS, AREUNAH M. BURTIS, ASS'T SECRETARIES.